



## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-  
stance/Mixture : Solvent-borne coatings

Recommended restrictions  
on use : For use in industrial installations or professional treatment  
only.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Roberlo s.a.  
Ctra. Nacional II, Km. 706,5  
17457 Riudellots de la Selva  
Spain

Telephone : +34972478060

Telefax : +34972477394

E-mail address of person  
responsible for the SDS : msds@roberlo.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+34 972 478060 (8:00-12:45 / 14:15-17:30 h) ROBERLO (Spain) (GMT + 1:00)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated  
exposure, Category 2 H373: May cause damage to organs through pro-  
longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.

##### Classification (67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC)

Flammable R10: Flammable.

## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**  
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
P260 Do not breathe vapours.  
P260 Do not breathe spray.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**  
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

**Storage:**  
P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal:**  
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Paint

#### Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (%)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	R10	Flam. Liq.3; H226	>= 5 - < 10



**MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA**

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

	204-658-1 01- 2119485493-29	R66 R67	STOT SE3; H336	
xylene (mixture of iso- mers)	1330-20-7 215-535-7 01- 2119488216-32	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Acute Tox.4; H332 Acute Tox.4; H312 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319 STOT SE3; H335 STOT RE2; H373 Asp. Tox.1; H304	>= 5 - < 10
Solvent naphtha (petro- leum), light arom.	64742-95-6 265-199-0 01- 2119455851-35	Xn; R65 Xi; R37 N; R51/53 R10 R66 R67	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Skin Irrit.2; H315 STOT SE3; H336 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	>= 1 - < 2.5
ethylbenzene	100-41-4 202-849-4	F; R11 Xn; R20	Flam. Liq.2; H225 Acute Tox.4; H332 STOT RE2; H373 Asp. Tox.1; H304	>= 1 - < 2
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :				
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6 203-603-9 01- 2119475791-29	R10	Flam. Liq.3; H226	>= 2.5 - < 5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- General advice : Move out of dangerous area.  
Consult a physician.  
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
- If inhaled : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of dust or fumes from overheating or combustion.  
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
- In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.  
Wash off with soap and plenty of water.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.  
Remove contact lenses.  
Protect unharmed eye.  
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.  
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.



## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.  
Do NOT induce vomiting.  
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.  
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:  
Headache  
Vertigo  
Fatigue  
Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:  
Redness  
Ingestion may provoke the following symptoms:  
Abdominal pain  
Vomiting  
Diarrhoea

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No information available.

---

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam  
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Hazardous combustion products : No hazardous combustion products are known

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information : For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments.



## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Remove all sources of ignition.  
Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.  
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).  
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Avoid formation of aerosol. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work-day.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Storage period : 12 Months

Other data : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : For the use of this product do not exist particular recommendations apart from that already indicated.



**MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA**

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1 Control parameters**

**Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Limestone	1317-65-3	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used</p>			
Limestone	1317-65-3	TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller</p>			



**MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA**

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

	definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
Talc	Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	TWA (Respirable dust)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, Talc is defined as the mineral talc together with other hydrous phyllosilicates including chlorite and carbonate materials which occur with it, but excluding amphibole asbestos and crystalline silica., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts			



**MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA**

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

	contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	TWA	150 ppm 724 mg/m3	GB EH40
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	STEL	200 ppm 966 mg/m3	GB EH40
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	STEL	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	2000/39/EC





**MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA**

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	TWA	50 ppm 274 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm 548 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	STEL	200 ppm 884 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	STEL	125 ppm 552 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			

**Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:**

- n-butyl acetate : End Use: Workers  
Exposure routes: Inhalation  
Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects  
Value: 480 mg/m3
- xylene : End Use: Workers  
Exposure routes: Inhalation  
Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects  
Value: 77 mg/m3
- Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified : End Use: Workers  
Exposure routes: Inhalation  
Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects  
Value: 608 mg/m3
- ethylbenzene : End Use: Workers  
Exposure routes: Inhalation  
Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects  
Value: 77 mg/m3
- 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate : End Use: Workers  
Exposure routes: Inhalation  
Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects  
Value: 275 mg/m3

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Personal protective equipment**

- Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water  
Tightly fitting safety goggles



## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

### Hand protection

Remarks : Solvent-resistant gloves The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Before removing gloves clean them with soap and water.

Skin and body protection : impervious clothing  
Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid, viscous

Colour : grey

Odour : characteristic

pH : Not applicable

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range : 126.3 °C  
(7.6 hPa)

Flash point : 27 °C  
Method: ISO 1523, closed cup  
Setaflash

Upper explosion limit : 7.6 %(V)  
( 25 °C)

Lower explosion limit : 1.3 %(V)  
( 25 °C)

Vapour pressure : 6.8 hPa (20 °C)  
  
45 hPa (50 °C)

Density : 1.61 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20 °C)  
Method: ISO 2811-1

Solubility(ies)  
Water solubility : immiscible



## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

Auto-ignition temperature	: 397 °C
Viscosity	
Viscosity, dynamic	: 130,000 mPa.s (20 °C) Method: ISO 2555
Viscosity, kinematic	: > 20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40 °C)
Flow time	: > 0.016 h at 23 °C Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431

### 9.2 Other information

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if used as directed.  
  
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidizing agents  
Strong acids and strong bases

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products : Carbon monoxide

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:



**MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA**

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : > 20 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: vapour  
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : > 2,000 mg/kg  
Method: Calculation method

**Components:**

**n-butyl acetate:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 10,768 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 23.4 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 17,600 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

**xylene (mixture of isomers):**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4,300 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 22.08 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : 1,100 mg/kg  
Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,592 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 20 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3,160 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

**ethylbenzene:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,500 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 17.4 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 15,400 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402



## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

### **2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:**

- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 8,532 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
- Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 35.7 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
- Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: According to the classification criteria of the European Union, the product is not considered as being a skin irritant.

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: According to the classification criteria of the European Union, the product is not considered as being an eye irritant.

### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: No data available

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

#### **Product:**

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Contains no ingredient listed as a mutagen

### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Product:**

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen

### **Reproductive toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction

### **STOT - single exposure**

#### **Product:**



## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

No aspiration toxicity classification

### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Solvents may degrease the skin.

---

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Components:

##### **n-butyl acetate:**

- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 18 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 32 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 675 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

##### **xylene (mixture of isomers):**

- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 14 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 16 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

##### **Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:**

- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 9.2 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h



## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 3.2 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 2.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

### ethylbenzene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 12 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1.8 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 33 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

### 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 408 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

### Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.



## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

**Product:**

Additional ecological information : There is no data available for this product.

---

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.  
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.  
Dispose of as unused product.  
Do not re-use empty containers.  
Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

---

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 1263  
IMDG : UN 1263  
IATA : UN 1263

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : PAINT  
IMDG : PAINT  
IATA : Paint

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : 3  
IMDG : 3  
IATA : 3

### 14.4 Packing group

ADR  
Packing group : III  
Classification Code : F1  
Hazard Identification Number : 30  
Labels : 3





## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

### IMDG

Packing group : III  
Labels : 3  
EmS Code : F-E, S-E

### IATA

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366  
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344  
Packing group : III  
Labels : Flammable Liquids

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

#### ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

#### IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

---

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Volatile organic compounds : 418 g/l

Directive 2004/42/EC : (540 g/l)

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

---

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of R-Phrases

R10 Flammable.  
R11 Highly flammable.  
R20 Harmful by inhalation.  
R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.  
R37 Irritating to respiratory system.  
R38 Irritating to skin.  
R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.  
R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.



## MEGAX M1, MX3, X5 NEW FORMULA

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H51187

Revision Date: 17.10.2014

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.  
R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### Full text of H-Statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.